

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name or designation of the mixture LM-90
 Registration number -
 Synonyms None.
 Product code UDS000826AE
 Issue date 17-January-2023
 Version number 1.0
 Revision date 17-January-2023

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Paints
 Uses advised against None known.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name CRC Industries UK Ltd.
 Address Wylde Road
 Castlefield Industrial Estate
 TA6 4DD Bridgwater Somerset
 United Kingdom
 Telephone +44 1278 727200
 Fax +44 1278 425644
 E-mail hse.uk@crcind.com
 Website www.crcind.com

Company name CRC Industries Europe bv
 Address Touwslagerstraat 1
 9240 Zele
 Belgium
 Telephone +32(0)52/45.60.11
 Fax +32(0)52/45.00.34
 E-mail hse@crcind.com
 Website www.crcind.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number Tel.:(+44)(0)1278 72 7200 (office hours: 9-17h GMT)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The mixture has been assessed and/or tested for its physical, health and environmental hazards and the following classification applies.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended

Physical hazards

Aerosols	Category 1	H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol. H229 - Pressurized container: May burst if heated.
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Health hazards

Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2	H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects	H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Environmental hazardsHazardous to the aquatic environment,
long-term aquatic hazard

Category 3

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with
long lasting effects.**2.2. Label elements****Label according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 as amended****Contains:** acetone; propan-2-one; propanone**Hazard pictograms****Signal word**

Danger

Hazard statements

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
 H229 Pressurized container: May burst if heated.
 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
 H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements**Prevention**

P102 Keep out of reach of children.
 P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
 P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
 P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
 P261 Avoid breathing mist/vapours.
 P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Response

Not assigned.

Storage

P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Supplemental label information

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

2.3. Other hazards

This mixture does not contain substances assessed to be vPvB / PBT according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII. The mixture does not contain any substances included in the list established in accordance with REACH Article 59(1) for having endocrine disrupting properties at a concentration equal to or greater than 0.1% by weight.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**3.2. Mixtures****General information**

Chemical name	%	CAS-No. / EC No.	REACH Registration No.	Index No.	Notes
acetone; propan-2-one; propanone	30 - 60	67-64-1 200-662-2	01-2119471330-49	606-001-00-8	#
Classification: Flam. Liq. 2;H225, Eye Irrit. 2;H319, STOT SE 3;H336					
Petroleum gases, liquefied; Petroleum gas [complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of crude oil. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C3 through C7 and boiling in the range of approximat	30 - 60	68476-85-7 270-704-2	01-2119485911-31	649-202-00-6	#
Classification: Press. Gas;H280					
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (benzene<0.1%)	<20	64742-95-6-12 -	01-2119486773-24	-	
Classification: Flam. Liq. 3;H226, STOT SE 3;H335, Asp. Tox. 1;H304, Aquatic Chronic 2;H411					
Titanium dioxide	<1	13463-67-7-1 -	01-2119489379-17	-	
Classification: Skin Irrit. 2;H315, Eye Irrit. 2;H319					

List of abbreviations and symbols that may be used above

ATE: Acute toxicity estimate.

M: M-factor

vPvB: very persistent and very bioaccumulative substance.

PBT: persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substance.

#: This substance has been assigned Union workplace exposure limit(s).

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

Composition comments The full text for all H-statements is displayed in section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

General information Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison centre or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Ingestion In the unlikely event of swallowing contact a physician or poison control centre. Rinse mouth.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

General fire hazards Extremely flammable aerosol.

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture Contents under pressure. Pressurised container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

Special fire fighting procedures Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapour pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.

Specific methods Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel Avoid breathing mist/vapours. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

For emergency responders Keep unnecessary personnel away. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Avoid breathing mist/vapours. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8 of the SDS.

6.2. Environmental precautions Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil etc) away from spilled material. Prevent product from entering drains.

Large Spills: Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Scoop up used absorbent into drums or other appropriate container. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Pressurised container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Avoid breathing mist/vapours. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

Storage class (TRGS 510): 2B (Aerosol dispensers and lighters)

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Observe industrial sector guidance on best practices.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

UK. EH40 Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs)

Components	Type	Value
acetone; propan-2-one; propanone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	3620 mg/m3
		1500 ppm
	TWA	1210 mg/m3
		500 ppm
Petroleum gases, liquefied; Petroleum gas [complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of crude oil. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C3 through C7 and boiling in the range of approximat (CAS 68476-85-7)	STEL	2180 mg/m3
		1250 ppm
	TWA	1750 mg/m3
		1000 ppm

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Recommended monitoring procedures

Follow standard monitoring procedures.

Derived no effect levels (DNELs)

General population

Components	Value	Assessment factor	Notes
acetone; propan-2-one; propanone (CAS 67-64-1)			
	Long-term, Systemic, Dermal	62 mg/kg bw/day	20
	Long-term, Systemic, Inhalation	200 mg/m3	5

Long-term, Systemic, Oral 62 mg/kg bw/day 2

Workers

Components	Value	Assessment factor	Notes
acetone; propan-2-one; propanone (CAS 67-64-1)			
Long-term, Systemic, Dermal	186 mg/kg bw/day		
Long-term, Systemic, Inhalation	1210 mg/m ³		
Short-term, Local, Inhalation	2420 mg/m ³		

Predicted no effect concentrations (PNECs)

Components	Value	Assessment factor	Notes
acetone; propan-2-one; propanone (CAS 67-64-1)			
Freshwater	10.6 mg/l	50	
Marine water	1.06 mg/l	500	
Sediment (freshwater)	30.4 mg/kg		
Sediment (marine water)	3.04 mg/kg		
Soil	29.5 mg/kg		
STP	100 mg/l	10	

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General information Use personal protective equipment as required. Personal protection equipment should be chosen according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment.

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Use eye protection conforming to EN 166.

Skin protection

- Hand protection

When handling the product wear chemical-resistant gloves (standard EN 374). The breakthrough time of the glove should be longer than the total duration of product use. If work lasts longer than the breakthrough time, gloves should be changed part-way through. Nitrile gloves are recommended. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.

- Other Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Chemical respirator with organic vapour cartridge and full facepiece. (Filter type AX)

Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

Hygiene measures

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

Environmental exposure controls

Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. Fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment may be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid.

Form Aerosol.

Colour Not available.

Odour Solvent.

Odour threshold Not available.

pH Not applicable.

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range 56 °C (132.8 °F)

Flash point Not available.

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits**Explosive limit - lower (%)** Not available.**Explosive limit – upper (%)** Not available.**Vapour pressure** Not available.**Vapour density** Not available.**Relative density** Not available.**Solubility(ies)****Solubility (water)** Not available.**Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)** Not available.**Auto-ignition temperature** Not available.**Decomposition temperature** Not available.**Viscosity** Not available.**Explosive properties** Not explosive.**Oxidising properties** Not oxidising.**9.2. Other information****Chemical family** Paint**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity****10.1. Reactivity** The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.**10.2. Chemical stability** Material is stable under normal conditions.**10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions** No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.**10.4. Conditions to avoid** Avoid high temperatures.**10.5. Incompatible materials** Strong oxidising agents.**10.6. Hazardous decomposition products** Carbon oxides.**SECTION 11: Toxicological information****General information** Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse effects.**Information on likely routes of exposure****Inhalation** May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.**Skin contact** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.**Eye contact** Causes serious eye irritation.**Ingestion** May cause discomfort if swallowed. However, ingestion is not likely to be a primary route of occupational exposure.**Symptoms** May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.**11.1. Information on toxicological effects****Acute toxicity** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components	Species	Test Results
acetone; propan-2-one; propanone (CAS 67-64-1)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rat	15800 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	50.1 mg/l, 8 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	5800 mg/kg

Acute**Dermal**

LD50

Rat

15800 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50

Rat

50.1 mg/l, 8 Hours

Oral

LD50

Rat

5800 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.**Serious eye damage/eye irritation** Causes serious eye irritation.**Respiratory sensitisation** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.**Skin sensitisation** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Aspiration hazard	Not likely, due to the form of the product.
Mixture versus substance information	Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
12.2. Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow)	
acetone; propan-2-one; propanone	-0.24
Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	Not available.
12.4. Mobility in soil	No data available.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This mixture does not contain substances assessed to be vPvB / PBT according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII.
12.6. Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods	
Residual waste	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.
EU waste code	The Waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Disposal methods/information	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR

14.1. UN number	UN1950
14.2. UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS, flammable
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	2.1
Hazard No. (ADR)	Not assigned.
Tunnel restriction code	D
ADR/RID - Classification code:	5F
14.4. Packing group	Not assigned.
14.5. Environmental hazards	No
14.6. Special precautions for user	Not assigned.

RID

14.1. UN number	UN1950
14.2. UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS, flammable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1
Subsidiary risk -
Label(s) 2.1

14.4. Packing group Not assigned.

14.5. Environmental hazards No

14.6. Special precautions for user Not assigned.

ADN

14.1. UN number UN1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name AEROSOLS, flammable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1
Subsidiary risk -
Label(s) 2.1

14.4. Packing group Not assigned.

14.5. Environmental hazards No

14.6. Special precautions for user Not assigned.

IATA

14.1. UN number UN1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name Aerosols, flammable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1
Subsidiary risk -

14.4. Packing group Not assigned.

14.5. Environmental hazards No

ERG Code 10L

14.6. Special precautions for user Not assigned.

Other information

Passenger and cargo aircraft Allowed with restrictions.

Cargo aircraft only Allowed with restrictions.

IMDG

14.1. UN number UN1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name Aerosols, flammable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1
Subsidiary risk -

14.4. Packing group Not assigned.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant No

EmS F-D, S-U

14.6. Special precautions for user Not assigned.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not established.

ADN; ADR; IATA; IMDG; RID



SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Retained direct EU regulations

Regulation (EC) No. 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer, Annex I and II, as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 On persistent organic pollutants (recast), as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 1 as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 2 as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 3 as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex V as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 166/2006 Annex II Pollutant Release and Transfer Registry, as amended

acetone; propan-2-one; propanone (CAS 67-64-1)

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Article 59(10) Candidate List as currently published by ECHA

Not listed.

Authorisations

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XIV Substances subject to authorization, as amended

Not listed.

Restrictions on use

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XVII Substances subject to restriction on marketing and use as amended

acetone; propan-2-one; propanone (CAS 67-64-1)

Petroleum gases, liquefied; Petroleum gas [complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of crude oil. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C3 through C7 and boiling in the range of approximat (CAS 68476-85-7)

Other EU regulations

Directive 2012/18/EU on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, as amended

acetone; propan-2-one; propanone (CAS 67-64-1)

Petroleum gases, liquefied; Petroleum gas [complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of crude oil. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C3 through C7 and boiling in the range of approximat (CAS 68476-85-7)

Other regulations

This product is classified and labelled in accordance with the retained CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, as amended for Great Britain. This Safety Data Sheet is compiled in accordance with REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758.

Not available.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

List of abbreviations

ADN: European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

ADR: European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate according to REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP).

CAS: Chemical Abstract Service.

Ceiling: Short Term Exposure Limit Ceiling value.

CEN: European Committee for Standardization.

CLP: Classification, Labeling and Packaging REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labeling and packaging of substances and mixtures.

GWP: Global Warming Potential.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IBC Code: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

MAK: Threshold limit values Germany (Maximale Arbeitsplatzkonzentration - DFG).

MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships.

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic.

REACH: Registration, Evaluation and Authorization of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning Registration, Evaluation Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals).
RID: Regulations concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by rail (Règlement International concernant le transport de marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer).
RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
STEL: Short term exposure limit.
TLV: Threshold Limit Value.
TWA: Time Weighted Average.
VOC: Volatile organic compounds.
vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative.
STEL: Short-term Exposure Limit.

References

Not available.

Information on evaluation method leading to the classification of mixture

Not available.

Full text of any statements, which are not written out in full under sections 2 to 15

H220 Extremely flammable gas.
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Revision information

None.

Training information

Not available.

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